

SECOND LIBERTY LOAN CAMPAIGN TO BE LAUNCHED ON OCTOBER 1

Secretary Announces Tentative Plans and Says Subscriptions Will Be Closed After Campaign of Thirty Days Is Conducted

AUTHORIZATION BILL IS TO BE PRESENTED TODAY

Announcement of Amount, Interest, Denomination and Whether Bonds Will Be Taxable Held Until Congress Has Acted

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, September 1.—The first vote taken will be on the amendment offered by Senator Johnson of California. This provides for an eighty per cent gross levy on war profits. Following the disposition of this amendment the numerous other amendments to the war profits provisions will be taken up in order and lastly the provisions as written in the original measure.

WASHINGTON, September 1.—Again the call on the patriotism of the country for finances for the conduct of the war against Prussian autocracy is to be heard. A second Liberty Loan is to be issued and books for the subscriptions for the bonds are to close November 1.

Plans to open the next Liberty Loan campaign on October 1, were announced by William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, last night.

He said that it would be a thirty-day campaign that will be conducted for the success of the next loan and that the date for the closing of subscriptions would be set for November 1.

DETAILS COMING LATER.

While no announcement of the amount that will be required at that time was mentioned by Secretary McAdoo indications point to it being approximately three billions of dollars for that is the amount that will be required to meet demands that he outlined before the ways and means committee of the house during its recent conferences on the drafting of the bill that will provide for further bond issues. McAdoo said last night that the official announcement of the amount of the loan, interest which the bonds will bear, whether they will be taxable and if so to what extent, the denomination in which they will issue and all other details of the loan will be made public immediately after the passage of the authorization by congress.

PROBABLY TAXABLE.

The belief here is that this loan and all subsequent loans will be secured by bonds which are subject to taxation, at least to the taxation that will be provided for incomes and profits under the War Revenue Bill which is now being debated in the senate. Many of the members of both houses will insist on this in the belief that there were subscribers to the first Liberty Loan who were influenced more by cupidity than by patriotism and sought an outlet for their money in an investment which would not be subject to taxation and in anticipation of such a taxation measure as is now pending.

FAVORS PAID PUBLICITY.

An interesting feature of the announcement by the secretary of the treasury is that a campaign of paid publicity is being considered. He said that in the case of the first loan the patriotism of the united press of the whole country was displayed in the splendid publicity which they gave to the loan.

HOUSE READY TO ACT.

In the house today it is expected that the committee on ways and means will favorably report a bill authorizing further bond issues to an amount between eleven and twelve billions of dollars. The bill will then be given the immediate consideration of the house and is expected to pass by Wednesday of next week. There will be no vote in the senate on the War Revenue Bill, it is expected, until September 10, and this will delay the final enactment of the authorization for further loans until after the middle of September at the earliest moment.

Meantime the treasury department will complete its plans for the campaign and be in full readiness for its launching the first of October.

SENATE TO VOTE ON WAR PROFITS TODAY

Johnson's Eighty Per Cent Levy Will Be First For Ballot and Others Will Follow

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, September 1.—Owing to the absence of a score of the senators yesterday progress on the War Revenue Tax Bill halted. It is expected, however, that progress will be resumed at the session today.

Voting on the war profits section of the revenue bill was scheduled for yesterday but when the time for the vote came there was no quorum present and session went over until today.

The first vote taken will be on the amendment offered by Senator Johnson of California. This provides for an eighty per cent gross levy on war profits. Following the disposition of this amendment the numerous other amendments to the war profits provisions will be taken up in order and lastly the provisions as written in the original measure.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS PROTEST CENSORSHIP

Members of Reichstag Take Threatening Attitude

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

COPENHAGEN, August 31.—Socialist members of the German Reichstag yesterday threatened the government that unless the political censorship was abolished the majority would take steps to enforce its removal.

Socialist Reim introduced a resolution to that effect as a story session of the lower chamber, in the name of the main committee, demanding the abolition of censorship.

It would appear that the criticism of the committee is directed at the Kaiser's recent declaration that "England must be defeated at all costs" and the message to United States Ambassador Gerard, in which the violation of the neutrality of Belgium was excused on the ground of "military necessity."

Replying to a question by the leader of the Catholic party Erberger, Minister of Foreign Affairs Kuhlmann said that Premier Michaelis had assumed the entire responsibility for the Kaiser's utterances.

BRITISH LOSSES FOR AUGUST ARE REPORTED

List of Killed and Wounded For Month Less Than 60,000

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

LONDON, England, August 31.—The war office today issued the casualty list for the past month, which shows that on all fronts 1278 officers had been killed and 4122 wounded, while 10,942 men were killed and 43,469 wounded.

SCENT ATTEMPTS TO RESIST CONSCRIPTION

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

MONTREAL, Quebec, September 1.—The discovery of sixteen hundred rifles, thousands of cartridges and a quantity of dynamite concealed in a house here is associated in the opinions of the provincial and Dominion authorities with the recent threats that have been made by many to resist all attempts to enforce the recently enacted conscription law by force.

SEEK TO PREVENT RAISE IN FREIGHTS

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

CHICAGO, September 1.—A federation of shippers was organized yesterday by the representatives of more than fifty shipping associations. The principal object of the organization will be to resist the fifteen per cent advance in freight rates that is sought by the railroads.

The national shippers' association has decided to protest against the reopening of the case as is asked.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY. This remedy has no superior as a cure for colds, croup and whooping cough.

It has been a favorite with mothers of young children for almost forty years.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take.

It not only cures colds and grip, but prevents their resulting in pneumonia. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given as confidently to a child as to an adult. For sale by all dealers. Remson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.—Advertisement.

PACIFIST COUNCIL FINDS NO PLACE TO HOLD ITS MEETING

Seekers For Convention Place Differ In Plans and Make Contradictory Announcements

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

EASTERN DELEGATES ARE IN CHICAGO AND READY Threat Is Made To Convene in Front of Capitol in Washington But Police Will Prevent

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

CHICAGO, September 1.—With delegates coming in to attend the proposed conference or convention the People's Council of Democracy to Discuss Peace is "all dressed up and no where to go." Nowhere are they wanted and from two States they are certainly barred. Representatives seeking a meeting place have been buffeted about and shipped out of town in some of the cities they have visited in a search for a place to convene.

Eastern delegates to the proposed peace council arrived here last night only to find that no place of meeting had been secured and the leaders were as much at sea as ever. When they inquired for the convention hall they were informed there was none, as yet, and the ultimate destination had not been decided.

In New York, it was said, Hillquist announced that the convention would be held in Milwaukee and would assemble on Monday.

From Minneapolis came telegrams that the leaders who were there seeking some place for the holding of their meeting were making conflicting announcements. One of these was that they would convene in Washington and the other that the session would be in either Milwaukee or in Chicago. The other announcement purported to be made by Louis P. Lochner, the secretary of the council, and was that there would be no further temporizing and he had notified the delegates to assemble at Washington. If no suitable hall could be obtained there, he asserted, the council would convene in the plaza before the Capitol Building.

Washington Police Ready. Washington officials and the police heads have said that no out door meetings will be permitted in the capital city and that close surveillance will be exercised over any meeting in any hall that may be secured, providing the council is able to secure such hall, which is deemed doubtful.

Lochner says the council is composed of "American citizens," those of foreign descent being largely Russians, Jews, Scandinavians and Germans. "Their purpose," declares Lochner, "is to crystallize the sentiment of the country, and is similar to the Russian council of peasants and the soldiers' committee."

David Starr Jordan is treasurer of the council and Senator Works of California, Eugene Debs and Victor Berger are organizers.

RADIO PLANT SEIZED WHEN ATTEMPT MADE TO SMUGGLE OVER LINE

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

SAN DIEGO, September 1.—Federal authorities here, in a raid, seized a powerful radio outfit, which the owners were endeavoring to smuggle out of the country into Mexico, believe that they have frustrated a German plot to establish radio communication on the Pacific with possible raiders.

The outfit was purchased three weeks ago in San Francisco, the ostensible purchasers being Mexicans, who explained at the time that the plant was to be established at Cantu. However, the outfit has been carefully watched by the government agents, from the time it left the establishment in San Francisco until it was seized here. These agents waited until there was no doubt of the intention of those having the outfit to smuggle it across the line.

If the plant is wanted for Cantu, the agents say, there was no object in attempting to get it secretly out of the United States.

PACIFIST IS ACCUSED OF BEING PRO-GERMAN

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

LONDON, September 1.—Accused in the newspapers of pro-Germanism, E. D. Morel, secretary of the Union Democratic Control and a prominent pacifist was arrested last night. Newspaper claim that he has carried his pacifism to unpatriotic extremes.

EDWARD CARRY HEADS LABOR ADJUSTMENT BOARD

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, September 1.—The appointment of Edward Carry, of Chicago, completes the organization of the building sub-committee of the Shipping Board. Carry represents the fleet, and is expected to operate the government-built ships after construction.

EIGHT CENT LOAF BEST PEOPLE MAY NOW EXPECT

Sixteen Ounce Loaf For Ten Cents Or Perhaps Eight Depends On Economy That Is Practised in Households of the Land

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, September 1.—Eight cent loaves of bread and no certainty as to what price unless strict economy is employed in the best that Herbert Hoover, food administrator, can promise the public despite the fact that the government will buy the entire 1917 wheat crop of the United States and thus control the price of wheat and the price of flour to a large extent in consequence.

A sixteen-ounce loaf of bread for ten cents is a best of the best that the public can expect, the food administrator announced last night. To secure that figure the strictest of economies must be practised and all waste must be eliminated. Wasteful distribution of bread and flour must also be eliminated, he insists.

If the public wants bread at prevailing prices or lower prices it must be for the public to make this possible, says Hoover. The price of wheat has been fixed at \$2.50 a bushel, and ultimately the price of flour must go lower if the demand upon the supply be not too great. The public must pay, and it is for the public to keep down the consumption by proper but not by parsimonious practices so that the supply of flour and bread can meet a fair demand. If economy is practised the price of flour will be lower than the price of wheat and the price of bread will be lower than the price of flour.

The "Grain Corporation" which was named by the food controllers will begin the purchase of wheat on Tuesday, the first business day of next week, instead of on Monday, the Labor Day holiday.

BETTER TREATMENT FOR NEGROES ASKED

Delegation Calls On President and Says That Discrimination Is Being Shown

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, September 1.—Protests on alleged discrimination against soldiers and sailors to be on account of color were presented to President Wilson yesterday by a delegation of white and negro educators who called upon him in reference to the treatment which they claim is being accorded to the negro soldiers.

While there has been no race that was so quick to respond in the hour of the country's need as has the negro, the delegation declared, they are not being accorded the same treatment as are white recruits. They are being segregated and in other ways discriminated against, it was asserted. They asked the President to see that such discrimination be ended and that the patriotic negro recruits be accorded the same treatment as other soldiers in the training camps.

MONTHLY DIVIDENDS ARE NEAR TO MILLION

Thirty-one Companies Make Payments To Shareholders

Thirty-one corporations the stocks of which are listed on the Honolulu Stock and Bond Exchange during the month of August, all of whom were regular monthly dividends and no extra dividends or quarterly dividends are included in the list. Disbursements amounted to \$973,350.

During the month ending yesterday dividends were paid as follows: Haiku, \$15,000; Kokua, \$30,000; Koloa, \$10,000; Paila, \$22,500; Pioneer, \$100,000; Honolulu, \$22,500; Hawaiian Commercial, \$100,000; Hutchinson, \$30,000; Foxworth, \$20,000; Olan, \$25,000; Wailuku, \$30,000; Hawaiian Sugar, \$45,000; Oahu, \$60,000; Pacific Mill, \$8500; Pepee, \$15,000; San Carlos, \$6000; Wailuku, \$50,000; Oahu Railway, \$33,000; Alexander & Baldwin, \$50,000; Hawaiian Agricultural, \$60,000; One, \$50,000; Hawaiian Electric, \$50,000; Pabang Rubber, \$5000; Tantalum, \$50,000; Ewa, \$50,000; Kakaia, \$50,000; Hawaiian Pineapple, \$15,000; Inter Island, \$22,500; C. Brewer, \$60,000; Hon. Brewing, \$10,000; Hon. Gas, \$22,500.

WILL TAKE APPEAL FROM COURT DECISION

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, August 31.—It was learned here today that the government will take an appeal from the decision of Judge Boyd at Greensboro, N. C., holding that the child labor law was unconstitutional, and who has issued a injunction to restrain mills from discharging minors when the law becomes effective tomorrow.

ATTACK UPON RIGA APPEARS INDICATED BY RUSS DESTROYERS

Maneuvers of Vessels and Air Craft Seem To Forecast Land and Sea Attack

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

NEW YORK, September 1.—Recent maneuvers and activities of the German destroyers are thought to forecast a possible attack on Riga by land, sea and air. Maneuvers of the fleet during the past few days seem to carry forward the idea of such action. Raids have been conducted on shipping and fisheries in the Gulf of Riga while a large fleet of air craft has been conducting raids over the islands and various shore points.

Reinforcements rushed to the front by Austria are availing little against the wonderful war machine that is being operated by General Cerna except to make no neighbors the real danger and to prolong the bloody battle that has now been raging for nearly two weeks. Reports have been received that the Teutons have decided to put Polish troops in the field against the Entente powers and it is deemed likely that some of these will be used to bolster up the crumbling defense and check the power of the Austrians along this front. Meantime Italian ships continued yesterday.

Inclement weather, heavy rains and fog continue to make difficult infantry movements on the war front. On both the Belgian and the French fronts terrific artillery fire was continued by the Allies with the Huns replying with vigor. Beyond this the activities were limited to minor raids.

Substantial gains have also been made at St. Mihiel and Brezova valley, where considerable enemy territory was captured and 636 Austrians made prisoner.

In Flanders Prince Rupprecht again threw his troops against the Canadian position around Lens in a desperate attempt to break the Colonials' hold on the suburbs of the city, but was repulsed with severe casualties.

A strong party of German patrolers was defeated at Cerny, and along the banks of the Meuse a heavy artillery engagement is being fought, was the report from French headquarters.

Russian offensives at Naroc Lake, south of Dvinsk, today proved fruitless. Germans have regained a portion of the ground last night of Luetet, says the German official report.

It was reported by the British war office that the British forces operating in Palestine had advanced in Gaza along a front of 800 yards and to a depth of 200 yards, driving the Turks out of several strongly fortified positions.

German torpedo boats and submarines have been playing havoc with Russian trawlers in the Gulf of Riga, and forty Teuton airplanes have conducted a series of raids on the islands scattered through the gulf. The amount of damage caused by this new offensive of the Germans in the north is not stated.

GERARD ACCUSED OF IMAGINING THINGS

Holweg Says Former Ambassador Has Let Imagination Run Away With Him

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

BERLIN, September 1.—Severe criticism of former Ambassador of the United States Gerard and his "Revelation of the German War Aims" was voiced by von Bethman Holweg yesterday. He accuses him of letting his imagination run away with him and uttering as facts assumptions he has made.

"When diplomats undertake to explicate their official careers for journalistic purposes they are very apt to be misled into putting into the mouths of foreign statesmen and diplomats utterances that are either the creation of their own ample imaginations or are based on their own faulty memories. I assume this has been the case with Mr. Gerard."

"It is my impression that the former United States Ambassador has given free run to his imagination. Certainly I never unfolded to him any such war aims as he writes about. I can not conceive of any other official doing so either, and there remains only the assumption that he has misunderstood or has let his imagination run to far ends."

METAL WORKERS PLAN TO STRIKE NEXT WEDNESDAY

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

SEATTLE, September 1.—Officers of the fifteen affiliated trades unions composed of metal workers here conferred last night and announced that a general strike of their unions had been called to commence on Wednesday. The unions demand increased pay and will strike to obtain it.

STEAMER BURNS BUT CREW IS NOT FOUND

Delnoora, Abandoned and in Flames, Sighted But Crew Not Found By City of Portland

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

SAN FRANCISCO, September 1.—Loss of the steamer Delnoora and no trace of the crew which had abandoned her when the fire which broke out aboard her had grown beyond their control, is reported here in a letter which was received yesterday from Captain McQuillan of the City of Portland.

In his letter Captain McQuillan writes that on June 21, off the coast of East Australia he sighted the British steamer Delnoora. She was then afloat and had evidently been abandoned by the crew but, although they kept careful lookout for boats from the burning steamer none were seen and he was unable to ascertain the fate of the crew.

POPE DISAPPOINTED BY REPLY OF WILSON

Pontiff Unable To Conceal Feelings—Britain Is Pleased

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, August 31.—Keen disappointment at the attitude taken in the reply of President Wilson to the peace proposal note is not concealed by Pope Benedict, say advices from Rome.

The comprehensive and clear statement of what the United States is fighting for as given in the note is regarded as leaving little room for further efforts toward an early peace. Attaches of the Vatican say they had hoped for a more favorable response from the United States than elsewhere.

Ambassador Page has cabled from London that the greatest enthusiasm is shown in London over President Wilson's reply to Pope Benedict's plea for bringing the war to an end.

The despatch says that the enthusiasm aroused by President Wilson's stand vis a vis the war message of America's chief executive, London dispatches say that in a speech made in the house today, Minister of Blockade Lord Robert Cecil gave emphatic endorsement to President Wilson's reply to Pope Benedict's peace plans, and declared that it was uncertain whether further response was necessary.

"President Wilson's note is magnificent," declared the minister, "and it has thrilled us here, and the expression of our Allies is equally warm and appreciative. I am certain none of our Allies will be able to improve on it."

President Wilson's reply to Pope Benedict's peace proposals had not been received, and comments from New York is the only intimation so far received by Germany of the United States' attitude toward the Pope's communication, say Berlin advices.

SPAIN WILL GRANT NUMEROUS REFORMS

Announcement Is Expected To Settle Industrial Disputes

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

MADRID, August 31.—King Alfonso, at a cabinet meeting today, announced that a comprehensive program of reforms was now being prepared, and would soon be made public. An announcement by Premier Dato, it is believed will bring a settlement of the many industrial problems which have been agitating Spain for some time.

Immediately after the publication of the proposed reforms it was announced a general election would be held.

Is Work Too Hard?

Many kinds of work wear out the kidneys, and kidney trouble makes any kind of work hard. It brings morning sickness, backache, headache, dizziness, nervousness, rheumatism and distressing urinary troubles. If your work is tiring, or strains the back, or exposes you to extreme heat or cold or damp, it's well to keep the kidneys active. Don't's Backache Kidney Pills are reliable and safe. Thousands recommend them.

"When Your Back Is Lame—Remember the Name." Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Don't's Backache Kidney Pills and take no other. Don't's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50c a box. (Six boxes \$2.50) or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., or Benson, Smith & Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands.—Advertisement.

PHILIPPINE PLANTERS ASKING TRANSPORTATION

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

MANILA, August 31.—Transportation problems are perplexing the Philippine planters, and an urgent appeal has been forwarded to President Wilson to devise ways and means to relieve the congestion, which is admitted to be one of the utmost difficulty.

REPUBLICANS TO CONDUCT FIGHT FOR COMMITTEE ON EXPENDITURE

Leaders Announce That They Will Renew Fight To Secure Representation For Minority Party In Conduct of War Expenditures

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, September 1.—Renewal of the fight for the creation of a congressional committee on war expenditures was announced by Republican leaders last night. Such a plan was suggested and an effort made to secure the naming of such a committee earlier in the session but at that time the Republicans determined to drop their attempt to secure some representation for the time being, partially influenced by the hope that the minority party would secure representation on the various commissions which would obviate the necessity for a committee on expenditures.

The plan advocated by the Republican leaders is in some respects on the idea of the coalition cabinets which other belligerent nations have tried with success. Since the minority party is not represented in the President's cabinet the proposal is made that there shall be a non-partisan or coalition committee which can consult with and would be consulted by the various cabinet officers on all important war expenditures.

It was pointed out last night that early in the session the senators and representatives were called upon to abandon party politics and to consider all war legislation from a nonpartisan standpoint and only from the view of the patriot.

This they assert they have done and point to numerous instances in which it was the support of the Republican minority that made possible the passage of administration measures and in the form which the administration desires.

While the minority has done its part it is asserted that President Wilson has not followed the same policy but that he has been partisan in his appointments and has steadily and steadfastly ignored the abilities of Republicans in appointing Democrats to all of the more important positions created by the very legislation which the Republicans have aided him to secure. Had he not done this, they say, the proposed fight for representation would not be necessary. Billions of dollars have been practically put into his hands to expend. The war is not a party war but a war in which the whole nation is participating and must participate and it is but fair and just that the Republicans should have their share in the conduct, in saying how the money shall be spent, as well as in passing the legislation that makes possible such expenditures.

DOUGLAS FIR TO BE FURNISHED TO ITALY

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

SEATTLE, September 1.—The West Coast Lumbermen's Association yesterday announced the closing of a contract to supply twenty-five million feet of Douglas fir to the Italian Government. This will be used as a substitute for Spruce in the building of aircraft for use in the Italian army.

PHILIPPINE PLANTERS ASKING TRANSPORTATION

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

MANILA, August 31.—Transportation problems are perplexing the Philippine planters, and an urgent appeal has been forwarded to President Wilson to devise ways and means to relieve the congestion, which is admitted to be one of the utmost difficulty.